A Guide to Understanding Sheep Ageing

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Outline Biology of Horn Growth **Provincial Regulations** Assessing Age Examples Recommendations for Hunters References





Biology of Horn Growth

- A horn is a pointed projection of skin on the head of various animals
- Horns consist of a covering of keratin and other proteins surrounding a core of live bone.
- True horns are found mainly among the ruminant artiodactyls in the families Antilocapridae (pronghorn) and Bovidae (goats, sheep, etc.).
- Horns start to grow soon after birth, and continue to grow throughout the life of the animal (except in pronghorns).

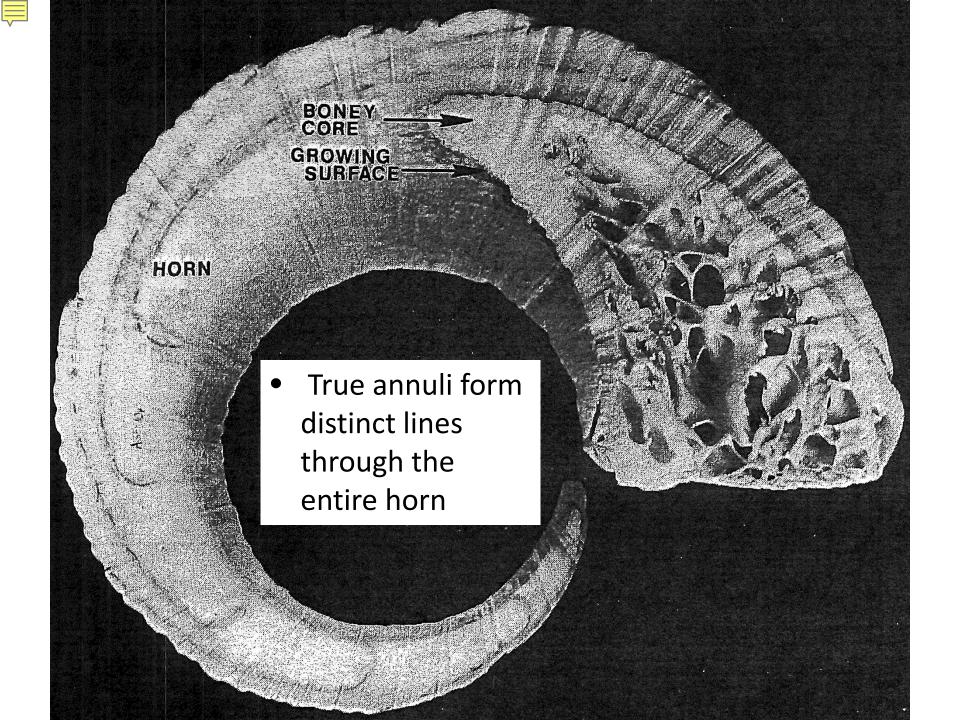






- Annuli are formed during winter
- False-annuli occur whenever a ram's horn growth changes
- There is proportionalsymmetry in the distances between each annulus
- Greatest growth during the 2nd year.







Thinhorn Sheep

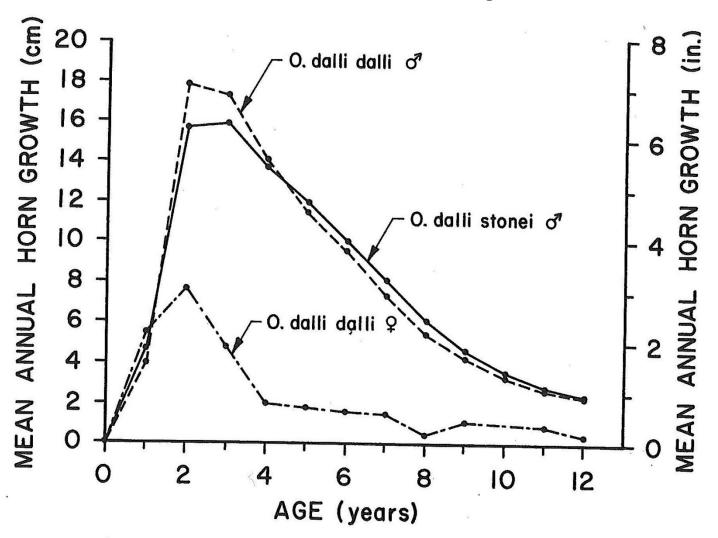


Figure 2.7. Mean annual horn growth of Dall's and Stone's sheep rams and Dall's sheep ewes (from W. E. Heimer, unpubl. data; J. P. Elliott; unpubl. data).



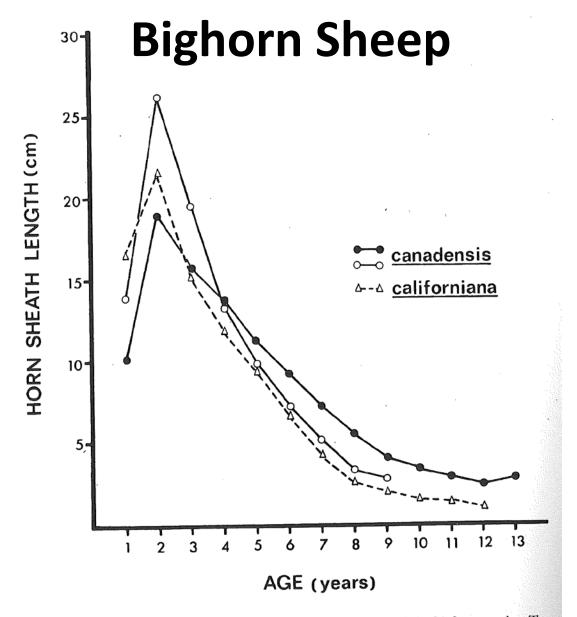
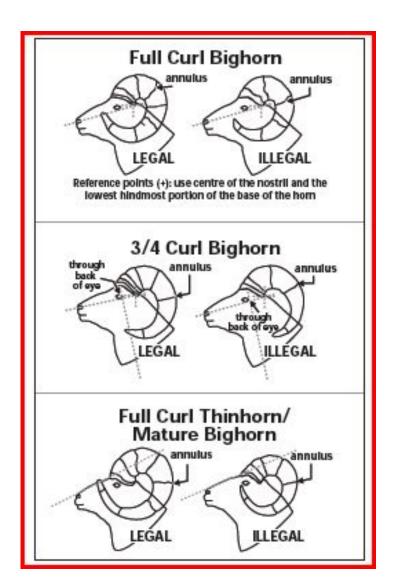


Figure 3.5. The typical pattern of annual horn sheath growth in bighorn males. Two populations of Rocky Mountain bighorn with different growth rates are compared to data from a California population (after D. M. Shackleton, unpubl. data).

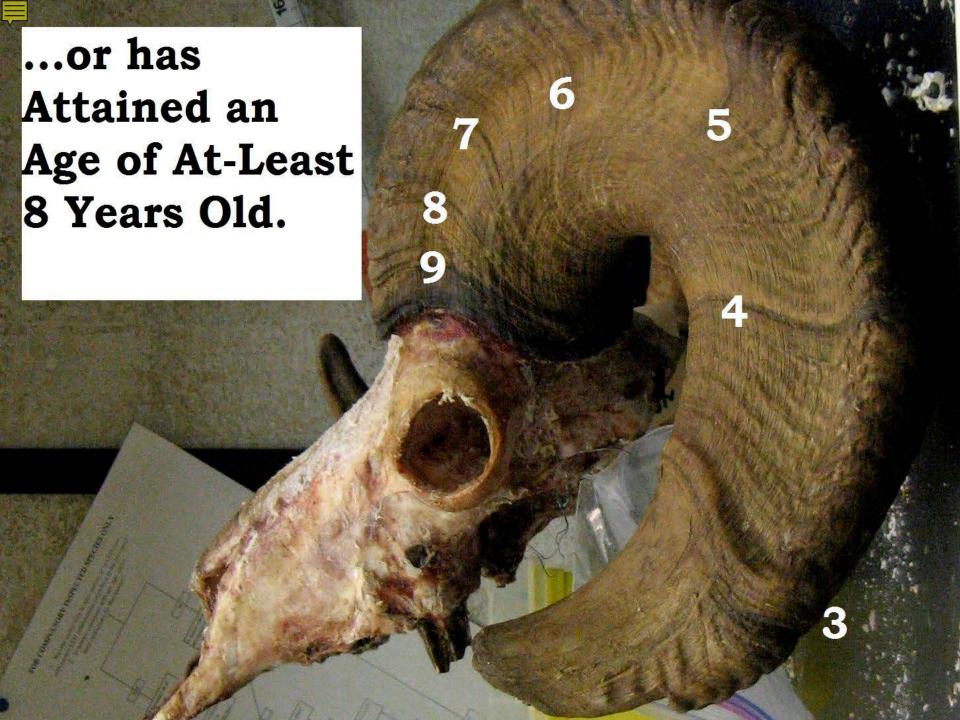


Provincial Regulations

"full curl thinhorn ram mountain sheep" means any thinhorn ram mountain sheep that has attained the age of 8 years as evidenced by true horn annuli as determined by the regional manager or his designate, or whose horn tip, when viewed squarely from the side at right angles to the sagittal plane of the skull, extends dorsally beyond the nose bridge plane;









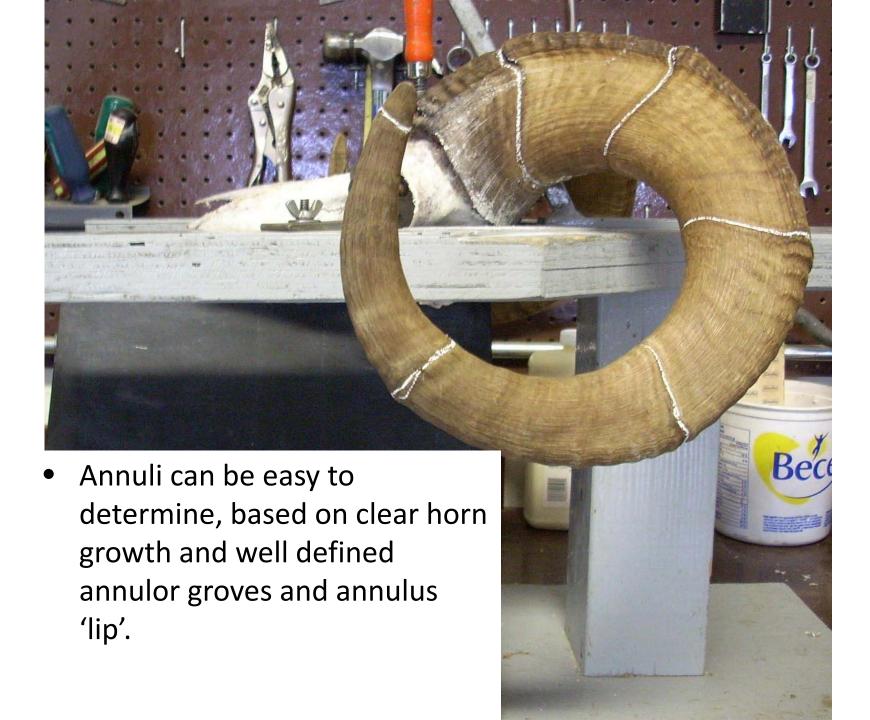
Assessing Age

When considering the age of a ram there are clues to whether the ram is young and possibly not legal:

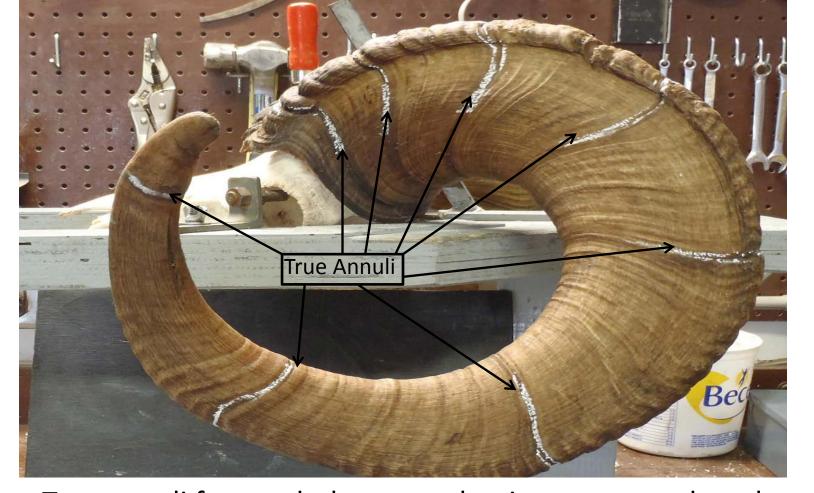
- Large spacing between annuli near base
- Smooth horns especially around the bases
- Lots of dark horn near the base (black horn generally indicates current years growth)
- Not full curl
- Not broomed
- Nose does not have the rounded or "roman nose" appearance
- Horns have little or no outward flare





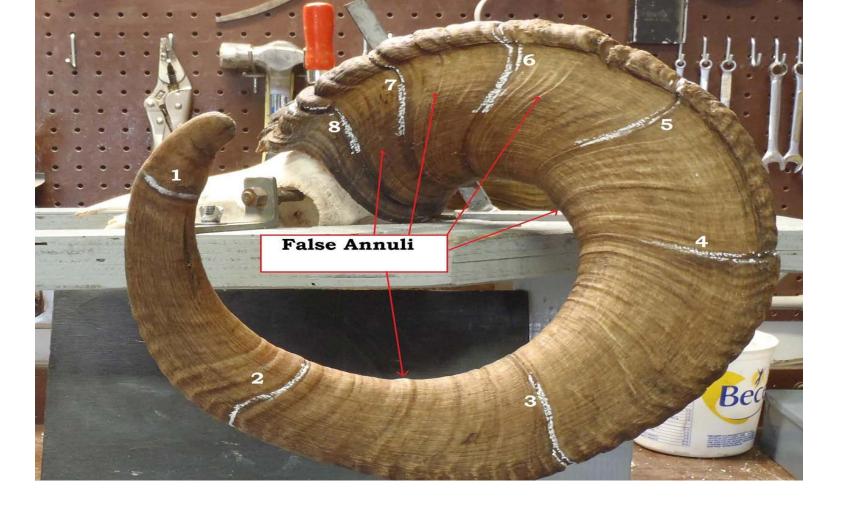


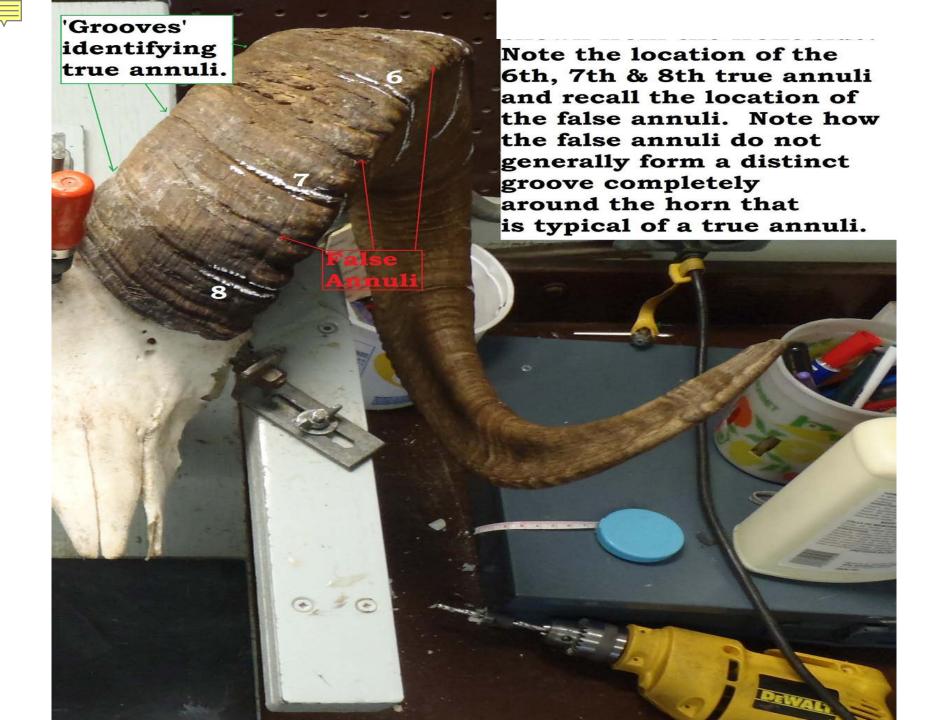




- True annuli form a dark groove that is accentuated on the outer curve of the horn.
- The inter-annuli distance gets proportionally smaller after the second annuli.
- False annuli are often bulges and the grove does not extend around the back of the horn.







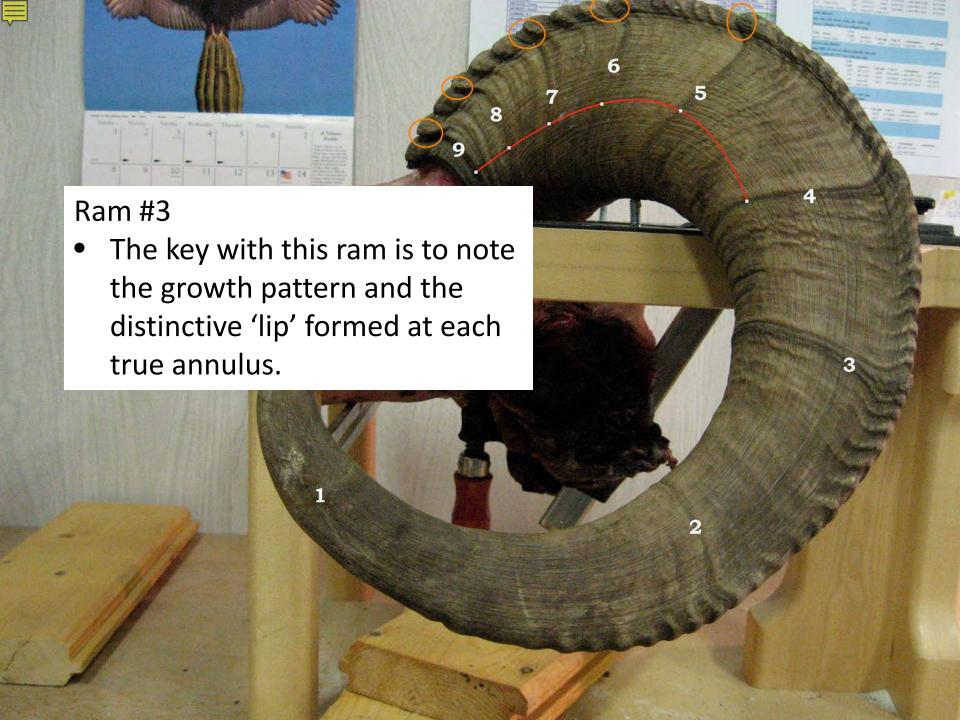




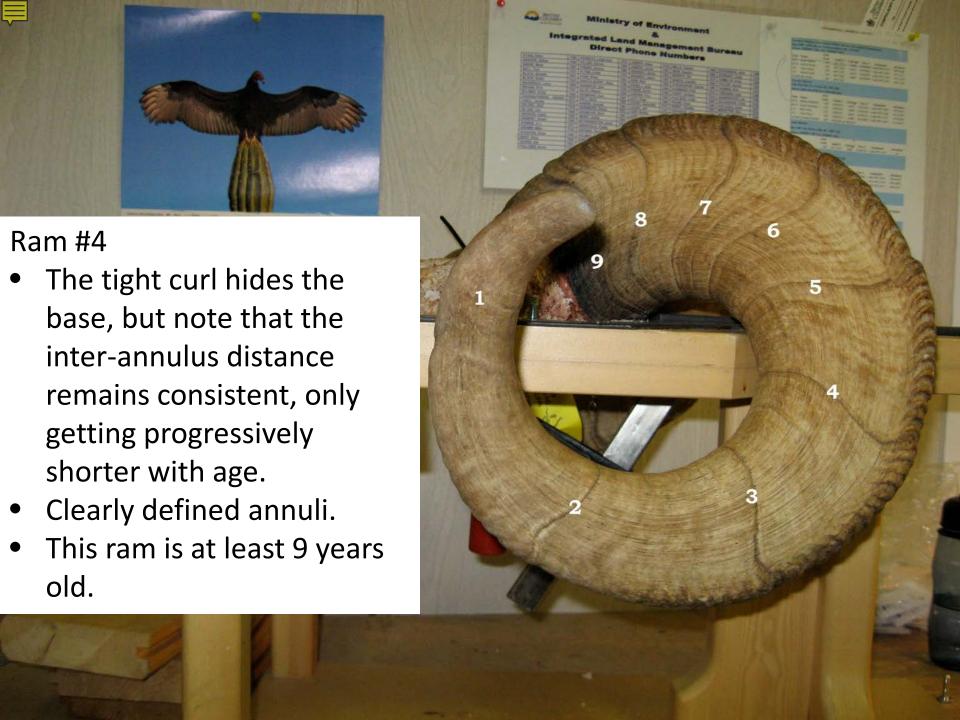




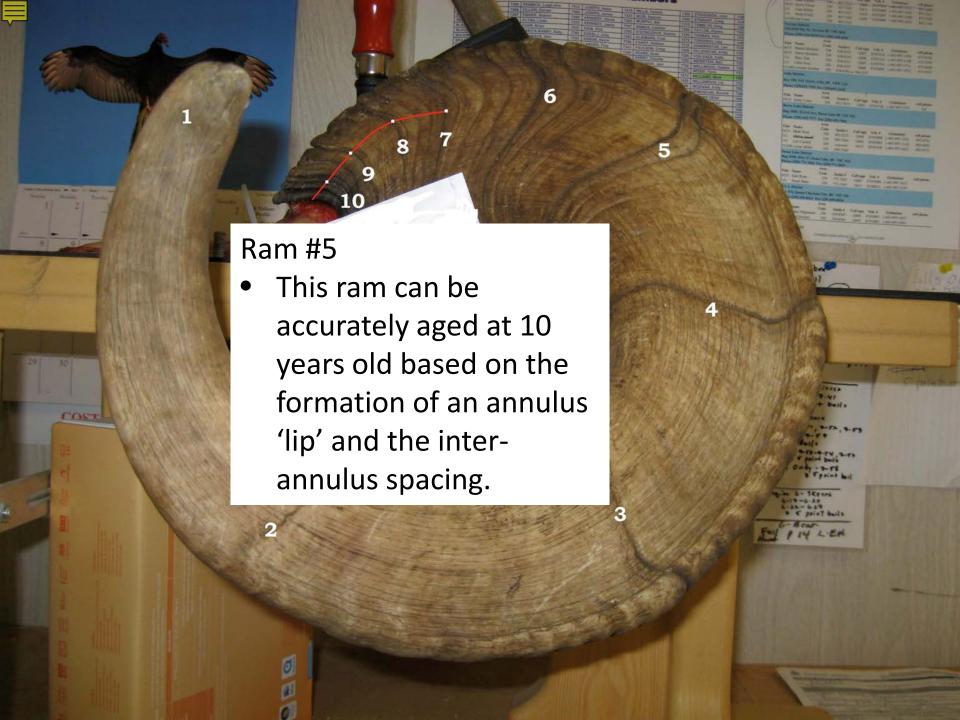


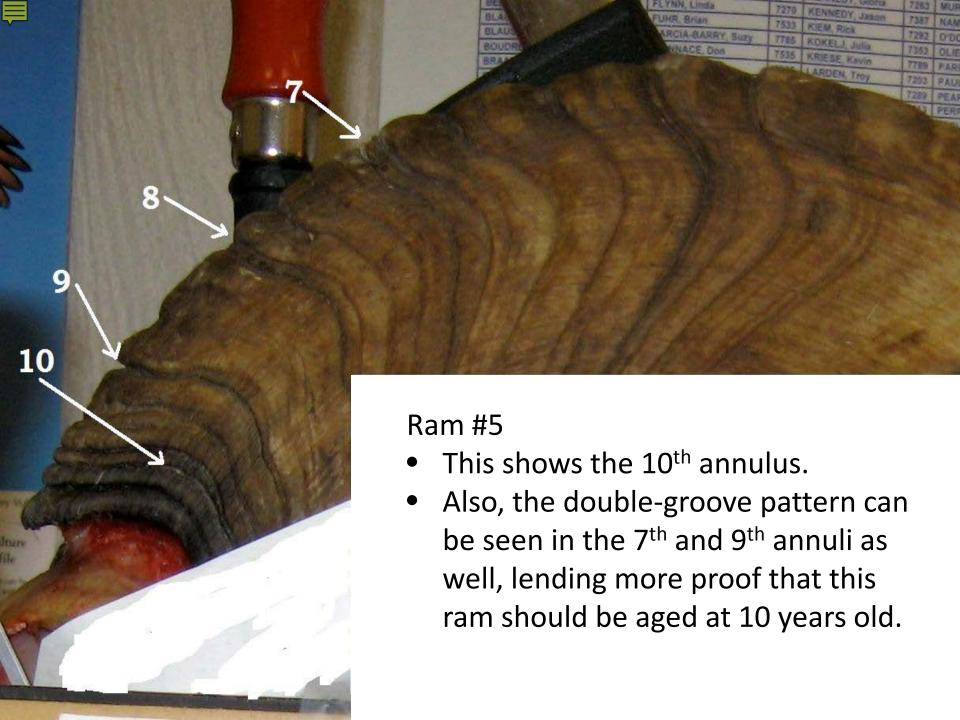


















Recommendations:

- Get the best optics, that you can afford.
- Get as close as possible.
- Take your time and be patient.
- Get as many angles and profiles of the horns as possible.
- Be confident in your decision.

Additional References

Mountain sheep of North America. *Edited by* R. Valdez and P.R. Krausman. The University of Arizona Press, Tucson, Arizona, USA.

BC Hunting Blog:

http://bchuntingblog.com/blog/2012/06/16/judging-stones-sheep-in-the-field/

BC Hunting Regulations Synopsis:

http://www.env.gov.bc.ca/fw/wildlife/hunting/regulations/

Wild Sheep Society of BC:

http://www.wildsheepsociety.net/HornCurlTest.html

